Design and Analysis of Punch and Dieof Blanking tool for Hinge Butterfly

1Jayaprakash CB, 2Dr.D.Ramegowda

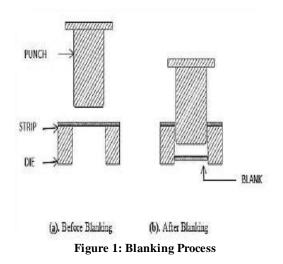
1Dept.PG studies in Tool Engineering, 2Principal, Department of PG Studies Govt. Tool Room and Traning Centre Mysuru, INDIA Jayaprakash462@gmail.com Ramegowda.d@gmail.com

Abstract— The Prediction of this paper is to show a analysis configuration of blanking tool to make hinge butterfly component. The approach is made to think about the procedure to be taken after to acquire an exact clear part to produce a hinge butterfly component. The methodology is connected to the Aluminum sheet metal of 2mm in thickness. The outcomes are watched for the stress, strain and the displacement on the punch and die in the blanking tool. On the other hands of the outcomes the HCHCR material taken for the outline is said to be as the best appropriate material for punch and die.

Keywords: Hinge Butterfly, Aluminum, HCHCR

1. Introduction

Press Tool is the procedure which is utilized to deliver the sheet metal parts. Operations like Blanking, piercing, bending; forming can be performed utilizing press tools. The fundamental operation that is performed utilizing press apparatus is blanking. Blanking process incorporates shearing of the sheet metal. In this paper we confine our concentrate just with respect to blanking. Blanking is the shearing operation in which the sheet metal is crushed between a punch and die on as appeared in fig.1. Because of the high cutting power of punch the wanted profile of the sheet metal gets isolated from the strip. The isolated part of sheet metal is called Blank.



2. Component Study

Name of the component: Hinge butterfly Material: Industrial grade aluminum Thickness: 2mm Shear Strength: 147.15N/mm²

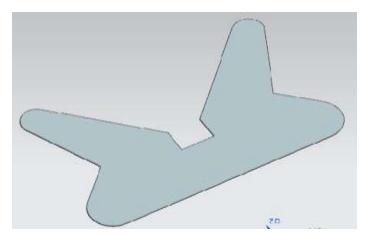


Figure 2: 3D Model of Hinge Butterfly After Blanking

At first the 2D drawing got and it is redrawn by using unigraphics to distinguish the missing measurements, and after that vital inputs will be joined. The designed drawing of the device is done the bill of material is readied and material is requested. Process is begun to make blanking operation. The properties of the ALU material are given below.

Table No.1			
Chemical composition			
Magnesium	0.8 to 1.2		
Silicon	0.4 to 0.8		
Iron	0.7		
Copper	0.15 to 0.40		
Zinc	0.25		
Titanium	0.15		
Manganese	0.15		

Table No.2

Mechanical properties		
Shear Strength	147.15 N/mm ²	
Tensile Strength	1736N/mm ²	

3.Tool Design

Before designing the tool there are sure plan focuses on the design which is to be followed. Thickness of the component, Material, Machine to accommodate the process, Critical measurements of the component is studied. On the bases of the study made some essential design ideas to be taken after to get the component with the exact measurements, accuracy, strength, durability, quality and economy is maintained.

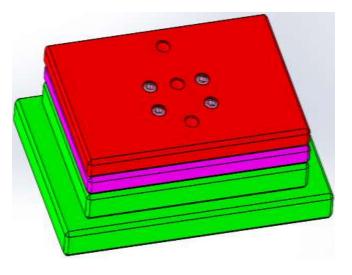


Fig 3. Blanking Tool

	Table No 3			
Chemical Composition of HCHCR				
С	SI	Cr	Mo	V
1.50%	0.30%	12.00%	0.80%	0.90%

Tool steels are utilized as a part of the assembling of the press tools. The material utilized as a part of the production of press devices depends on the application and the load acting up on the materials. The process like blanking, piercing, cutting off, separating off, perforating and so on require unique material in view of their application. There are different plates in a press tool and the material utilized for the every plate varies with their application and the load acting. The material used in the manufacture or the press tool are Mild Steel, OHNS (Oil Hardened Non Shrinking Die Steel), High Carbon High Chromium Die Steel (HCHCr)

4. Tool Calculations

Shear force

$$Fs = L \times S \times Tmax$$
 (1)
 $= 244 \times 2 \times 147.15$
 $F = 71809.2N$

Where,

 $\label{eq:L-length} \begin{array}{l} L-\text{length of cut } L=244\text{mm} \\ S-\text{Thickness of sheet } S=2\text{mm} \\ \text{Tmax}-\text{shear strength Tmax}=147.15\text{N/mm}^2=15\text{N} \end{array}$

Stripping Force

Stripping Force = 20% of total shear force (2) = 71809.2x (20/100) = 14361.84N

Press Capacity

Total Press Capacity = Total Shear Force + Stripping Force(3)
=
$$71809.2+$$
 14361.84
= 86171.04 N

Press Tonnage = (Total ShearForce + Stripping Force)/70% (4) (The efficiency of the machine is taken as 70%)

= 86171.04/0.7 = 123101.486 N =123101.486/1000 =123.101486KN/9.81 =12.5485715Tons

Clearance

Clearance = C x t x
$$\sqrt{T_{max}}$$
 (5)
= 0.01 x 2 x $\sqrt{147.15/9.81}$
= 0.077459mm (per side clearance)

Where,

$$\begin{split} C &= 0.01 \text{ constant} \\ t &= \text{thickness of sheet } t = 2\text{mm} \\ T_{\text{max}} &= \text{Shear strength } T_{\text{max}} = 147.15\text{N/mm}^2 \end{split}$$

5. Punch And Die Analysis

The punch and die analysis is done in SOLID WORK 2015 software. Static analysis is done to find out the stress distribution and the displacement on the punch and die.



Fig 4. Meshing of Punch

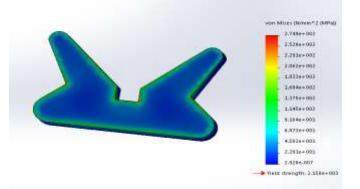


Fig 5. punch Stress Analysis

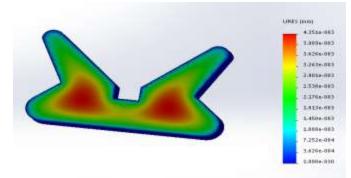


Fig 6. punch Displacement Analysis

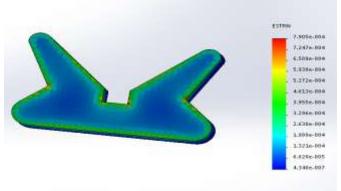
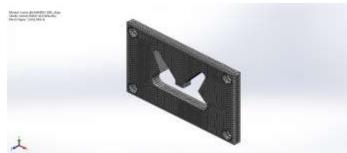
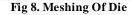


Fig 7. Punch Strain Analysis





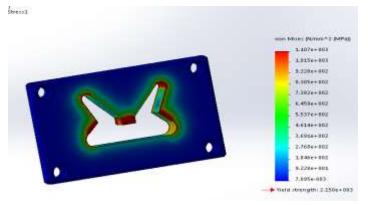


Fig 9. Die Stress Analysis



Fig 10. Die Displacement Analysis



Fig 11. Die Strain Analysis

6. Results and Discussion

From the analysis results the graph scale on the figure showed the Stress and deformations results of the die and the punch which are less than the limit value. So the component is produced to the required size and shape with a thickness of 2mm. But the variation of the component thickness is 0.001 to 0.003mm.

Result of Blanking Tool

Table 4 Maximum	stress distribution	of Punch	and Die Of	
Blanking Tool				

Si	Туре	Value	Limit	Unit	
No			value		
1	Die	1.107×10^{3}	2150	N/mm ²	
2	Punch	2.749×10^{2}	2150	N/mm ²	

 Table 5. Maximum Displacement of Punch and Die

 Of Blanking Tool

Of Dialking 100			
Si No	Туре	Value	Unit
1	Die	0.0493	mm
2	Punch	0.004351	mm

8. Conclusion

In this work some important parts of press tool design for hinge butterfly is predicted about further more detail study and examination were done. Punch and Die examination of the tool were completed and the design was observed to be protected. Both in punch and die maximum stress developed is very less compared to yield stress value. Through analysis it is confirms that the material chose for both punch and die is safe. By consolidating limited component strategy general creation design is advanced. The outcomes uncover that by incorporating CAD/CAE will be exceedingly gainful. By the usage of CAD in design, exactness of configuration is enhanced and plan process time is decreased radically than by conventional strategy. Numerous design issues which are entangled to dispense with by traditional methods are disposed by utilizing CAD software.

9. References

1. ANUDEEP Design and analysis of blanking and bending press tool to produce anchor bracket component issn: 2278-0181 ijertv4is041093. vol. 4 issue 04, april-2015

2. N.B.Suresh, A Lerner's guide to Press Tools, published by Pannaga international academy, fourth edition [2010].

3. G.R.Nagpal, Tool Engineering and Design, Khanna Publishers

4. M.Rachik, J.M.Roelandt, A.Maillard, "Some Phenomenological & Computational Aspects of Sheet Metal

Blanking Process[°], Journal of Material Processing Technology, Elsevier, Volume 128, 2012, Page 256-265

5. TOOL DESIGN DATA BOOK, directorate of technical education government of tamilnadu.

6. GT&TC Standard Data Hand Book